Honour Based Violence Abuse & Forced Marriage Identification and Referral Pathway **Nottingham City**

Nottingham City has developed a pathway to enable a consistent response for adults and children / young people affected by Honour Based Violence Abuse and or Forced Marriage. This has been developed to highlight options depending on the circumstances of the cases from the involvement of Domestic Violence Specialists, the Multi-Agency Risk Assessment Conferences (MARACs), the Police and Adult Social Care working together to provide a safe and supportive response to adults and children / young people at risk from HBVA/FM.

Forced marriage

A forced marriage is a marriage in which one or both spouses do not consent to the marriage but are coerced into it. Duress can include physical, psychological, financial, sexual and emotional pressure. In cases of vulnerable adults and young people who lack the capacity to consent to marriage, coercion is not required for a marriage to be forced.

Honour-based violence

The terms "honour crime" or "honour-based violence" or "izzat" embrace a variety of crimes of violence (mainly but not exclusively against women), including assault, imprisonment and murder where the person is being punished by their family or their community. They are being punished for actually, or allegedly, undermining what the family or community believes to be the correct code of behaviour. In transgressing this correct code of behaviour, the person shows that they have not been properly controlled to conform by their family and this is to the "shame" or "dishonour" of the family. It can be distinguished from other forms of abuse, as it is often committed with some degree of approval and/or collusion from family and/community members. Victims will have multiple perpetrators not only in the UK; HBV can be a trigger for a forced marriage.

Chart of Potential Warning Signs or Indicators

These indicators are not intended to be an exhaustive list

Education

- Absence and persistent absence
- Request for extended leave of absence and failure to return from visits to country of origin
- Fear about forthcoming school holidays
- Surveillance by siblings or cousins at
- Decline in behaviour, engagement, performance or punctuality
- Poor exam results
- Being withdrawn from school by those with parental responsibility
- Removal from a day centre of a person with a physical or learning disability
- Not allowed to attend extra curricular activities
- Sudden announcement of engagement to a stranger
- Prevented from going on to further / higher education

Health

- Accompanied to doctors or clinics
- Self-harm / attempted suicide
- Eating disorders
- Depression / isolation
- Substance misuse
- Unwanted pregnancy

Female Genital Mutilation

Family history

- Siblings forced to marry
- Early marriage of siblings
- Self-harm or suicide of siblings
- Death of a parent
- Family disputes
- Running away from home
- Unreasonable restrictions e.g. kept at home by parents ("house arrest") and financial restrictions

Family History **Employment** Education Victim of **Honour Based Violence & Abuse**

and / or

Forced Marriage

Health Police

Employment

- Poor performance
- Poor attendance
- Limited career choices
- Not allowed to work
- Unable to attend business trips or functions
- Subject to financial control e.g. confiscation of wages / income
- Leaving work accompanied
- Unable to be flexible in their working arrangements

Police

- Victim or other siblings within the family reported missing
- Reports of domestic abuse, harassment or breaches of the peace at the family
- Female Genital Mutilation
- The victim reported for offences e.g. shoplifting or substance misuse
- Threats to kill and attempts to kill or harm
- Reports of other offences such as rape or kidnap
- Acid attacks

1. Adult Referral Process

Establish the survivor's opinion and what they want from this contact. Clearly document the disclosure and identify who it is they feel they are at risk from. **REMEMBER** there will be multiple perpetrators involved (family, friends, wider community). Consider using the Multiple Perpetrator Mapping Tool which is in the Accompanying forms to go with the DASH RIC Forms to aid with further identifying risk document. Consider who else may be at risk e.g. siblings or family members.

Do NOT make contact with family to mediate or interpret – any alerts to family / those involved will significantly increase risk to the adult. If you require an interpreter, follow your own agency procedures.

Is the survivor or her /his Child(ren) at immediate risk of harm or being taken out of the country?

Identify if

survivor lacks

capacity / is a

vulnerable

adult at risk

and will need

to be referred

to Adult

Social Care.

Call 999 if survivor or others are at immediate risk. Use the information disclosed by the survivor but you must also use your professional judgement.

If the survivor is concerned about risks posed by the police being contacted, inform the police of those risks.

Inform the police if any other person that is at risk as well as the survivor.

Ask survivor to stay with you if possible otherwise ensure police are aware of the survivor's location including safe contact details (including password/code word) for safe contact.

Complete DASH RIC with the survivor & use the Multiple Perpetrators Mapping Tool (located in the Accompanying forms to go with the DASH RIC Forms to aid with further identifying risk).

NO

https://equation.org.uk/best-practice-library/library-index/?orderby=name

If the DASH RIC comes out as standard risk, use your professional judgement to escalate this to medium or high risk.

Make contact with local Women's Aid / male survivor Helplines for specialist support and/or Nottinghamshire Police Honour Based Violence Unit.

Send completed DASH RIC to the DART making it clear that is regarding HBVA and FM.

The DART informs Adult Social Care of the referral.

ESCALATE WITHIN YOUR ORGANISATION & GET SPECIALIST SUPPORT

Contact Juno Women's Aid 24 hour free helpline or the Karma Nirvana national helpline.

CONTACT NUMBERS

Juno Women's Aid 24 hour free Helpline - 0115 947 6490 (professionals) or for survivors - 0808 800 0340 / 0808 800 0341 (text-phone 9:00-17:00) for female survivors

Equation- 0115 960 5556 for male survivors

Nottinghamshire Police HBVA - 101

Nottingham Muslim Women's Network - 0115 8372627 (DV Support worker)

Nottingham City Adult Social Care - 0300 131 0300 , select option 2, (8:30-17:00) or out of hours 0115 876 1000

Forced Marriage Protection Unit - 0207 088 0151 (out of Hours - 0207 008 1500)

Karma Nirvana - 0800 5999247

References:

Forced Marriage survivors handbook -

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/149854/FM_Survivors6.pdf Multi-agency practice guidelines: Handling cases of forced marriage -

https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/322307/HMG_MULTI_AGENCY_PRACTICE_GUID

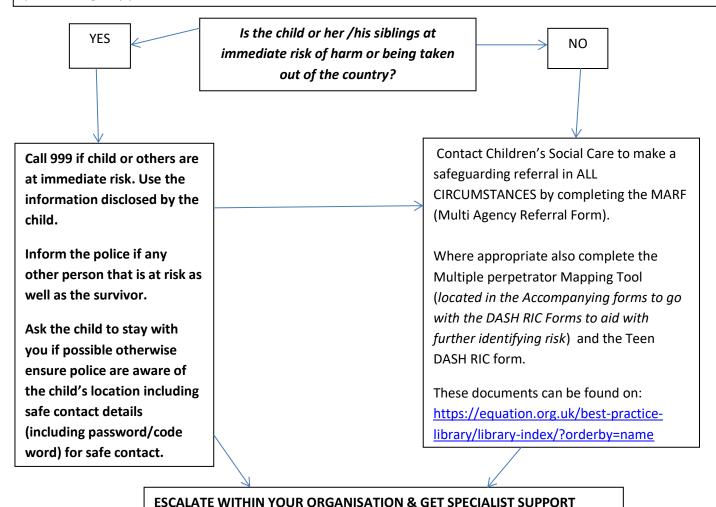
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2. Child Referral Process

Establish the child's concerns and what they want from this contact. Be clear with the child about what you can and cannot keep in confidence. Clearly document the disclosure and identify who it is they feel they are at risk from. **REMEMBER** there will be multiple perpetrators involved (family, friends, wider community). Consider using the Multiple Perpetrator Mapping Tool which is in the Accompanying forms to go with the DASH RIC Forms to aid with further identifying risk document. Consider who else may be at risk e.g. siblings or family members.

Do NOT make contact with family to mediate / discuss the disclosure or interpret – any alerts to family / those involved will significantly increase risk to the child.

If you require another professional present when speaking to the child / young person, or an interpreter follow your own agency procedures.



CONTACT NUMBERS

Nottingham City Children and Families Direct – 0115 876 4800 (8:30-16:45) out of hours calls are diverted to the Emergency Duty Team (including Bank Holidays).

Contact Juno Women's Aid 24 hour free helpline or the Karma Nirvana

Juno Women's Aid 24 hour free Helpline - 0115 947 6490 (professionals) or 0808 800 0340 (survivors) / 0808 800 0341 (text phone 9:00-17:00)

Nottinghamshire Police HBVA - 101

Nottingham Muslim Women's Network - 0115 8372627 (DV Support worker)

national helpline.

Childline - 0800 1111

Forced Marriage Protection Unit - 0207 088 0151 (out of Hours - 0207 008 1500)

Karma Nirvana - 0800 5999247

NSPCC - 0800 800 5000